

# CB -NSG Meeting Work shop on Dynamic Risk and Transforming Care

March 11<sup>th</sup>

St Pancras Hospital





**Welcome**

- **Helen Toker-Lester** ( Local Government Association and Joint Commissioner – Devon County Council and NEW Devon CCG)
- **Dr Nick Gore** (Tizard Centre): Special interest in early intervention for behaviour that challenges

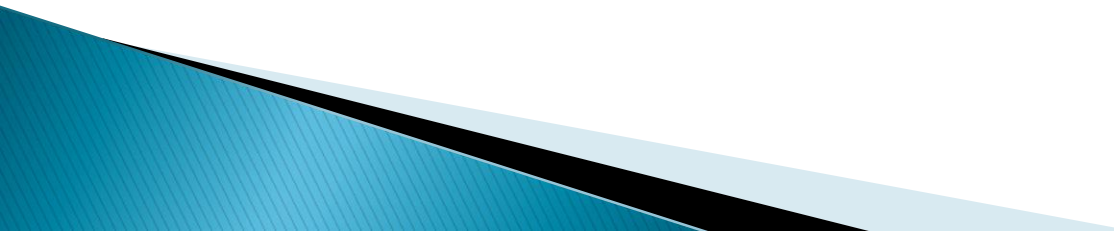
# So far...

- ▶ The need for a clear approach around risk has been identified in Service model .
- ▶ The view is that a “ Risk Register” is an active tool & process so has been termed a “Dynamic Register” now– (this also helps people understand that it is not a “Risk Register” used in Children's Services which relates to safeguarding)
- ▶ A task and finish group has been set up to help people gather information and “how to” guidance for commissioners in local areas.
- ▶ There is a need to understand the different levels of risk – this mainly helps us to identify the people in the Transforming Care cohort
- ▶ It should help to identify those who may be vulnerable for different reasons e.g. genetic & biological reasons, people who have been let down by previous services, people who are in difficult social situations.

# And..

- ▶ This work stream currently aims to provide further information to local areas ,via their Transforming Care Partnerships, on Risk stratification in May and Guidance on Dynamic Registers in Autumn.
- ▶ Work going on to identify the Children and Young People in 52 week placements & ensure all leavers from there have a comprehensive Education, Health and Care plan in place initially, then further work on wider group including community Care and Treatment Reviews in 2016/17 – Anne Webster and Eric Barker are leading on this.

# Early identification

- ▶ Children & Young people are an important group and have been prioritised for focus e.g. Children and Young People's Pathway that the Challenging Behaviour Foundation & The National Development Team for inclusion are working on.
  - ▶ Phil Brayshaw is leading on Children and Young People's work in the Transforming Care programme.
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# Key Challenges

- ▶ **Who** can hold such a register? Commissioners cannot have person identifiable information that may be required to risk stratify & if held by provider then how can they share wider, including how to inform commissioning?
- ▶ How will it be kept **active** & therefore **meaningful**?
- ▶ Will individuals understand & want to be on a register?
- ▶ Does being on a higher tier = a service response that might lead to inequality in delivery?
- ▶ Children's services do not record information or make diagnosis in same way as adult services

# Benefits

- ▶ Improved understanding of local population need to inform commissioning including understanding where the gaps are.
- ▶ Identifies vulnerabilities and put responsibility on services to respond ( e.g. not simply labeling a person)
- ▶ Promotes early support & preventative approach
- ▶ Can improve the transition phases e.g. child to adult
- ▶ System wide approach to creating & maintaining register ensures local areas know where to go to identify this population e.g. Youth Offending Teams have point of contact to check if individual is or should be known

# Discussion 1

- ▶ **What factors contribute to risk of admission?**
- ▶ Factors relating to individual
- ▶ Factors relating to environment
- ▶ Factors relating to support
- ▶ Factors relating to resources
- ▶ (Discussion 15 Minutes)
- ▶ Feedback from Group (5 Minutes)





# Discussion 2

- ▶ What processes are required to make best use of this information?
- ▶ When is action needed?
- ▶ What kind of actions?
- ▶ Actions by who?
- ▶ What processes to activate, regulate and monitor?
  
- ▶ (Discussion 15 minutes)
  
- ▶ Feedback ( 5 Minutes)



# Summary of Actions

